



Competition Rules

Indoor Para Skydiving (IPS)



2025 Edition
Effective 1 May 2025

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Revisions

VERSION	AMENDMENTS
Ver. 1.0 2025-05-01	Approved IPS Competition Rules

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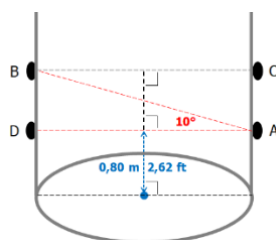
1 FAI AUTHORITY

The competition will be conducted under the authority granted by the FAI, according to the regulations of the Sporting Code of the FAI, General Section, and Section 5, as approved by the ISC and validated by the FAI, and these rules. All participants accept these rules and the FAI regulations as binding by registering in the competition.

2 DEFINITIONS OF WORDS AND PHRASES

2.1 GENERAL DEFINITIONS

- 2.1.1 **Indoor Para Skydiving:** An indoor skydiving discipline where the objective is to complete specific, compulsory race circuits in the fastest time.
- 2.1.2 **Athlete/Competitor:** An individual Competitor participating in Indoor Para Skydiving. Athletes participating in Indoor Para Skydiving must have an Underlying Health Condition that leads to a permanent Eligible Impairment.
- 2.1.3 **Body:** Consists of the entire Competitor and any specific equipment utilized during flight.
- 2.1.4 **Body orientation:** Competitor's orientation must be "belly to earth," which requires that the Competitor's torso is in a horizontal (prone) position, with the front of the torso toward the earth.
- 2.1.5 **Competitor's center point:** Defined by the navel while flying on a horizontal (belly to earth) axis.
- 2.1.6 **Flight:** An individual performance in the flight chamber, that begins when the signal to enter is given, inclusive of entrance, working time, and exit time, fully supervised by one or more instructors at all times. The maximum duration allotted for each Flight is 120 seconds regardless of whether the Flight is non-scored or scored, except for the Final Round flights, which have a maximum duration of 195 seconds.
- 2.1.7 **Working time:** The duration of time in which Competitors may perform a routine during a Flight, measured to the hundredth of a second.
- 2.1.8 **Course Diagram:** The competition course consists of four (4) compulsory Contact Targets labeled A, B, C, and D, arranged along the outer wall of the flight chamber. Targets A and D are positioned 0.8 meter (2.62 feet) above the net of the bottom of the flight chamber. Targets B and C, as well as D and A, are positioned 180° directly opposite each other. There is a 10° incline between Targets A and B, and likewise between Targets C and D, as illustrated in the provided diagram. Competition hosts are required to adhere to these guidelines during course setup.



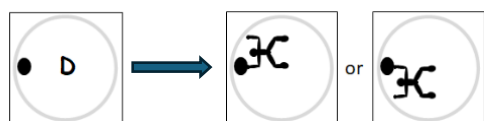
- 2.1.9 **Contact Targets and Zones:** Contact targets are touch-responsive systems positioned on the exterior walls of the tunnel, as shown in the Course Diagram, and must be visible through the transparent wall. Each of the four (4) individual targets must contain a contact zone equipped with sensors that change color upon contact and revert within a maximum of one (1) second. Sensitivity may vary between systems and wind tunnels but must remain consistent for all Competitors within a single competition. The minimum surface area of the contact zone is defined in [4.12.6]

2.1.10 **Safety Line:** The safety line is positioned 1 meter (3.28 feet) above the horizontal B-C line. Competitors must remain below this line during flight.

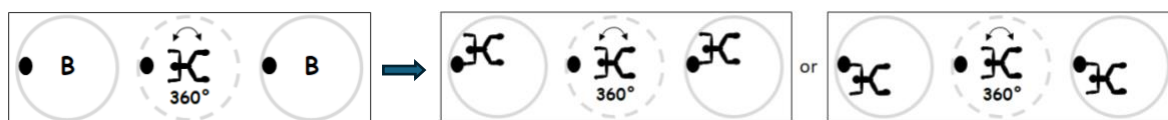
2.1.11 **Target Validation and Scoring:** Competitors must validate individual targets by touching the target's surface with one hand (or upper limb extremity) to confirm a correctly completed contact. Contact made by another body part or by someone other than the Competitor will not be considered valid. Points are awarded for each compulsory sequence in the Race Routine performed within the allowed Working Time of each flight. Valid points must result from correctly executed random or block sequences as depicted in the Race Routine.

2.1.12 **Race Routine:** The compulsory sequence of randoms and blocks that Competitors must perform during the Working Time.

2.1.13 **Random Targets:** Consists of the random target Competitors must validate, as depicted in the Race Routine. Random targets will be displayed as illustrated below:



2.1.14 **Block Sequence:** Consists of a predefined sequence that the Competitor must execute as a single unit, consisting of two targets linked by a required inter. The sequence must be performed and clearly presented in the correct order, meeting all performance requirements, to be considered valid for scoring. The targets in the sequence must be validated by the same hand (or upper limb extremity). Block sequences will be displayed as illustrated below:



2.1.15 **Inter:** Intermediary requirement within a block sequence, which must be performed as depicted in the Race Routine.

2.1.16 **Assistance:** For safety purposes, Competitors are allowed to receive assistance from an instructor any time during a Flight. Assistance will result in penalties added to Competitors' scores (see [4.13.4])

2.1.17 **Infringement:** Competitors may incur time penalties for infringements of the compulsory race routine, as defined in [4.13.4].

2.1.18 **Omission:** Competitors may be subject to incurring omission penalties when performing the compulsory race routine, as defined in [4.13.4].

2.1.19 **Raw Time:** The total time taken by the Competitor to complete a Race Routine, measured before applying the compensation coefficient or penalties. This time is used as the basis for calculating the Competitor's final score.

2.1.20 **Score:** Calculated time reflecting a Competitor's performance on a scored Flight, consisting of the Raw Time, adjusted for the compensation coefficient and any applicable time penalties.

2.1.21 **Round:** Scored Flights performed during a competition.

2.1.22 **Final Round:** Scored Flights performed by the four (4) top-ranked Competitors during the final stage of the competition.

2.1.23 **Specific Equipment:** Any equipment (e.g., prosthesis, orthosis) used by an athlete to facilitate flight, approved by the Classification Board, and required for use throughout the competition.

- 2.1.24 **Compensation Coefficient:** The individualized coefficient assigned to eligible Competitors related to their Aerodynamic Motor Skill. The Classification Board assesses athletes through the Athlete Evaluation process and assigns a coefficient considering the degree of activity limitation resulting from an Eligible Impairment and other aerodynamic factors. Criteria and processes for assessment are defined in Section 6 and Annex 1.

3 THE EVENT, OBJECTIVE, AND DESCRIPTION

3.1 OBJECTIVE OF THE EVENT

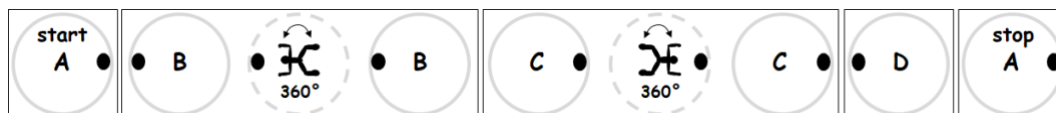
The objective of the event is for Competitors to perform predefined race routines in the fastest possible time. Athletes participating in Indoor Para Skydiving must have an Underlying Health Condition that leads to a permanent Eligible Impairment.

- 3.1.1 Competitors are granted two non-scored flights as warm-up rounds for familiarization with the wind tunnel competition conditions and official speed setting. Competitors may also perform the Race Routine if they wish but no scores will be given.
- 3.1.2 Competition Rounds: the objective for Competitors is to perform the Race Routine in the fastest possible time before the end of the working time allotted. Competitors have up to 30 seconds after entering the flight chamber to make adjustments, set up, and achieve a stable flying position to begin their Working Time. Once the Race Routine is complete or the maximum Working Time is reached, Competitors must promptly exit the flight chamber.

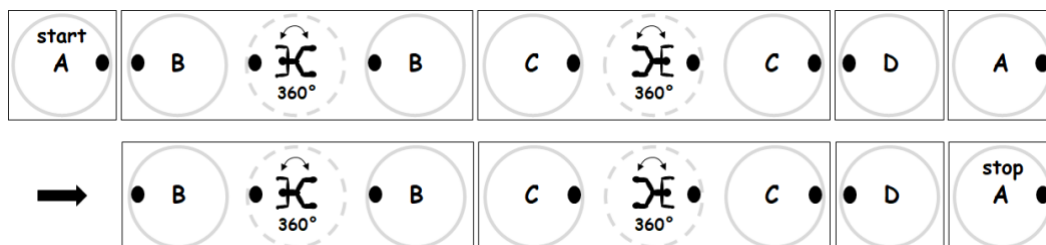
3.2 EVENT DESCRIPTION

- 3.2.1 Competitors compete individually to perform the following Race Routines in the fastest possible time:

- 3.2.1.1 Race Routine – Qualifying and Semi-Final Rounds: Competitors must sequentially validate random A (first point), block sequence B, block sequence C, random D, and finally random A again (last point), as demonstrated in the diagram below:



- 3.2.1.2 Race Routine – Final Rounds: Competitors must sequentially validate random A (first point), block sequence B, block sequence C, random D, random A, block sequence B, block sequence C, random D, and finally random A again (last point), as demonstrated in the diagram below:



3.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 3.3.1 It is the Competitors' responsibility to correctly present the start and end of Working Time, Scoring Points, and Inters to the Judges.
- 3.3.2 Where degrees are shown, (i.e., 360°), this indicates the degrees and direction of turn (if specified) required to complete the Inter as intended. The degrees shown are the amount of circumference of Competitors' center points that must be presented in relation to the Contact Target's center. For judging purposes, the degrees and direction of turn of Competitors' center points will be assessed using only the two-dimensional horizontal plane. Degrees of turn performed count in a single direction only.
- 3.3.3 Competitors are solely responsible for their flight equipment and Specific Equipment. Problems with a Competitor's equipment shall not be grounds for a re-flight.

4 GENERAL RULES

4.1 COMPETITION PROGRAM

The event consists of:

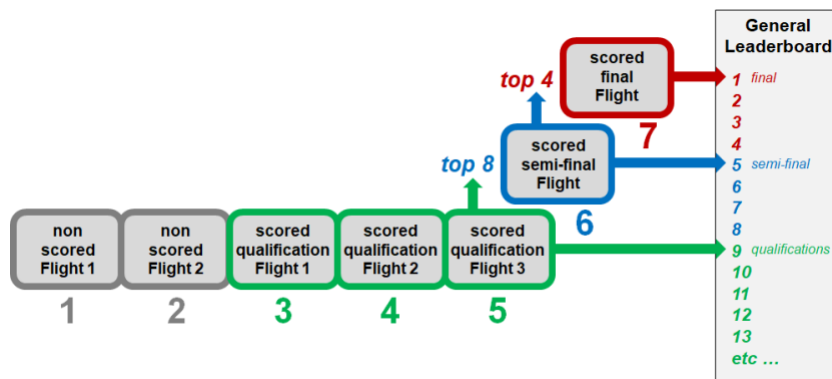
- A minimum of two (2) non-scored flights by all Competitors;
- A minimum of three (3) qualification rounds by all Competitors;
- A semi-final round by only the top eight (8) Competitors after the qualification rounds;
- A final round by the top four (4) Competitors after the semi-final round.

If the number of Competitors is less than nine (9) after the third qualification round, the semi-final round will be replaced with a fourth (4th) qualification round, after which only the top four (4) Competitors will advance to the Final Round.

- 4.1.1 Non-scored Flights will not be taken into account for General Leaderboard.
- 4.1.2 Qualification Rounds: Each Competitor's best (lowest) score from their Qualification Rounds will determine their standing in the qualification rounds. This standing will determine who progresses to the semi-final round (or final round, as determined by the number of Competitors).
- 4.1.2.1 Competitors who do not advance beyond the qualification rounds will be ranked in the qualifications section of the General Leaderboard, according to their standing in the qualification Rounds.
- 4.1.3 Semi-final Rounds: Each Competitor's score from the semi-final Round will determine their standing in the semi-final rounds. This standing will determine who progresses to the final round.
- 4.1.3.1 Competitors who do not advance to the Final Round will be ranked in the semi-final section of the General Leaderboard, according to their standing in the semi-final Round.
- 4.1.4 Final Round: Each Competitor's score from the Final Round will be used to determine their final standing. Competitors in the Final Round will be ranked in the final section of the General Leaderboard, according to their final standing.

4.2 GENERAL LEADERBOARD

Competitors will be ranked on the General Leaderboard according to the following diagram:



If the competition cannot be completed in full, the General Leaderboard will be determined at the end of the last complete round. The winner will be determined by the standings on the General Leaderboard.

4.3 TIEBREAKER RULE

- 4.3.1 If two or more Competitors have equal scores for qualification to advance to the semi-final or final, the following steps will be followed to determine the standing:
1. The fastest Score in any completed Round.
 2. The fastest Score starting with the last completed Round and continuing in reverse order, Round by Round until the tie is broken.
- 4.3.2 If two or more Competitors in the final round are tied for either first (1st), second (2nd), or third (3rd) place, Competitors will fly a tie-break round, performing the Final Round's race routine.

4.4 PERFORMANCE ORDER

The flight order for the qualification rounds is determined by a draw before the commencement of non-scored flights. The flight order of the semi-final round and final rounds will be updated to the reverse order of standings at the start of the round.

- 4.4.1 The FAI Sporting Code, Section 5, Chapter 5.2.5 determines that each Competitor is allowed a minimum time from arriving at or returning to (as appropriate) the competition site to the first call for the next jump/appropriate notification for the next performance. The minimum time is: 30 minutes.
- 4.4.2 The FAI Sporting Code, Section 5, Chapter 5.2.5. requirement for the minimum time between flights will not apply between the Final Round and any tiebreaking rounds. The minimum time is: 10 minutes.

4.5 FLIGHT PLAN

Competitors may be grouped into separate subgroups based on the competition order at the Meet Director's discretion for organizational purposes.

The Flight Plan must be provided to Competitors at least one (1) hour before the start of each competition day. If the Meet Director makes changes to the Flight Plan after the competition has started, they must notify affected Competitors at least 30 minutes before their Flight.

4.6 FLIGHT CHAMBER ENTRY/EXIT AND SPEED SETTING

- 4.6.1 Only one (1) doorway leading into the flight chamber will be used for entries and exits.
- 4.6.2 Official Speed Setting shall take place during the 1st non-scored flight. Speed settings may be altered before and during any subsequent Flight, provided the change is made outside of Working

Time. Operators will set the tunnel speed to the speed setting flown on the Competitor's previous Flight.

- 4.6.3 The speed setting will be indicated, by any means, in the tunnel and shall be clearly visible to Competitors prior to entering the flight chamber.
- 4.6.4 When the tunnel is at the correct speed, a signal of authorization to enter the flight chamber will be given to Competitors.
- 4.6.5 The signal to communicate authorization to enter the flight chamber will be defined by the Meet Director, and results in the validation of the Flight. Once the signal to enter the flight chamber has been given to a Competitor, the Flight must be evaluated and scored. If a Competitor does not enter the flight chamber when the signal is given, the flight will be considered validated and completed, and the maximum Score will be given.
- 4.6.6 A signal to exit the flight chamber, defined by the Meet Director, will be given 10 seconds before the end of the Competitor's allotted Flight time.

4.7 FLIGHT PREPARATION

Competitors may receive assistance from one or more Instructors to:

1. Enter and exit the flight chamber.
2. Stabilize in the flight chamber.
3. Finalize the setup of specific equipment that cannot be adjusted before entering the flight chamber.
4. Intervene for safety reasons any time the instructor deems necessary.

4.8 WORKING TIME

- 4.8.1 Working Time is started by the first occurrence of either of the following:
 1. The Competitor validates the first target in their compulsory sequence.
 2. Automatically, 30 seconds after the signal to enter the flight chamber was given.
- 4.8.2 Working time is ended by the first occurrence of either of the following:
 1. The Competitor validates the last point in their compulsory sequence.
 2. Automatically, when the maximum Working Time is reached.
- 4.8.3 The maximum Working Time is: 75 seconds for qualifying and semi-final rounds, and 150 seconds for the final round.

4.9 FLIGHT ABORTION

In the case of Flight abortion, the maximum score will be assigned.

4.10 WITHDRAWAL OR DISQUALIFICATION

If a Competitor is withdrawn (voluntarily or by disciplinary action) or is disqualified after the competition has started, they will be immediately removed from the competition and general leaderboard. They will not be eligible for subsequent, semi-final, and/or final Flights.

4.11 RE-FLIGHT

A re-flight may be granted if the Event Judge or Chief Judge concludes that Competitors' performances have been adversely affected by any external factor(s). The Event Judge's or Chief Judge's decision is not grounds for a protest.

- 4.11.1 Problems with a Competitor's equipment must not be grounds for a re-flight.

- 4.11.2 For safety reasons, if a Competitor demonstrates inadequate flying skills and/or persistent unsafe flying requiring repeated intervention by a tunnel spotter, FAI Sporting Code, Section 5, Chapter 4.8 SAFETY will apply.
- 4.11.3 In accordance with FAI Sporting Code, Section 5, Chapter 5.2.11 (1), a re-flight will be made as soon as possible after the incident giving rise to the re-flight.

4.12 WIND TUNNEL EQUIPMENT

- 4.12.1 The Wind Tunnel shall be the indoor skydiving facility host in which the Indoor Para Skydiving competition will be held.
- 4.12.2 The Wind Tunnel shall appoint an Operations Director to manage and supervise flight operations. The Operations Director's primary responsibility is to conduct Flights in accordance with the Wind Tunnel safety regulations.
- 4.12.3 The Wind Tunnel shall assign an airspeed control Operator and multiple Instructors to each Flight session, to assist the Operations Director in ensuring safety and efficiency.
- 4.12.4 The minimum acceptable diameter for the flight chamber is 4.26 meters (14 feet).
- 4.12.5 The outer wall of the flight chamber must contain four (4) Contact Targets labelled A, B, C, and D as defined in [2.1.8]
- 4.12.6 The Contact Zone of each touch-responsive target must be at least 4 centimeters (1.57 inches) in diameter. The list of approved judging equipment is maintained by the ISC Judges Committee, in accordance with FAI Sporting Code, Section 5, Chapter 4.3.1.
- 4.12.7 The Contact Targets must be affixed to the outer tunnel wall by adhesive tape or any other equivalent means, according to diagram [2.1.8]
- 4.12.8 The Safety Line is a horizontal indicator affixed to the transparent tunnel wall, clearly defining the highest point below which Competitors must remain during flight.
- 4.12.9 The wind tunnel equipment, including the video and judging system, must be approved by the Chief Judge before the start of the competition. If any equipment does not meet the requirements as determined by the Chief Judge, this equipment will be deemed to be unusable for the competition.
- 4.12.10 Video Recording: The organizer must record all competition Flights in a high-definition digital video signal with a minimum of 50 frames per second and 720p progressive resolution (1080p recommended).
- 4.12.11 Video recording must allow the Judges to clearly view the flying zone and Contact Targets.
- 4.12.12 Video recording: A minimum of two (2) cameras must record video; one camera positioned at one of the sides with clear view of contact targets A and C, and the other camera positioned at the other side with clear view of contact targets B and D.
- 4.12.13 Video recording must allow the Judges to clearly view the cable floor up to at least the safety line, which is 1 meter (3.28 feet) above the horizontal B-C line.

4.13 SCORING

Scores must be assigned on all flights.

- 4.13.1 The score is calculated to the hundredth of a second and is calculated by multiplying the Competitor's raw time for completing the race routine by their compensation coefficient, then adding any time penalties.

- 4.13.2 The official score for each Competitor's scored flight will be published with the breakdown of the raw time, compensation coefficient, and any penalties used in its calculation.
- 4.13.3 The maximum achievable score is equivalent to the maximum working time.
- 4.13.4 Time Penalties: The following time penalties will be added to a Competitor's score for each type of violation incurred during working time:
- a) Assistance (A): A single five (5) second penalty will be applied if a Competitor requires assistance from instructors, regardless of how many times it occurs. Types of assistance include:
 - a. Competitors use their hand or upper limb to hold onto an instructor's body for assistance.
 - b. Instructors may physically assist Competitors as deemed necessary for safety, based on their own assessment of the situation. This action will not be grounds for protest.
 - b) Infringement (I): A five (5) second penalty will be applied for each infringement. Types of infringements include:
 - a. Missed attempt / no validation of the contact target, followed by validation of another labeled Target within Working Time.
 - b. Incorrect inter: An incorrect execution of the required movement in a block, as depicted in the compulsory sequence, such as missing degrees of turn or using the incorrect hand/upper limb extremity to validate the second point.
 - c) Omission (O): A twenty (20) second penalty will be applied for each omitted part in the compulsory sequence. Types of omissions include:
 - a. Required Targets that are not validated, with no clear intent or attempt to touch the Contact Zone, followed by validation of another labelled Target within Working Time.
 - b. Inters in a block sequence that are not performed, with no clear intent or attempt to perform them, and validation of another labelled Target within Working Time.
 - c. If both the Inter and the last step in a block sequence are omitted, this will be considered as only one omission.
- 4.13.5 The competition scores will be published in the Official Indoor Para Skydiving Scoring System.

5 JUDGING RULES

5.1 GENERAL

The performance will be judged live. No Competitor will approach or talk to the Judges during any Flight. Non-compliance may result in the application of FAI Sporting Code, Section 5, Chapter 5.4 PENALTIES.

5.2 NUMBER OF JUDGES

One (1) Chief Judge and a panel of three (3) Judges, including the Event Judge, must evaluate each performance.

5.3 SCORING AND TIMING SYSTEM

The scoring and timing system must be connected to touch-responsive Contact Targets.

5.4 JUDGES: ASSIGNED PHYSICAL LOCATIONS

The Judges will watch each flight from a physical location or by viewing the video monitor of a camera set in that same physical location, with a clear view of tunnel entrance and Contact Targets A, B, C, and D.

5.5 JUDGES: VIDEO

The Judges may use video monitors and these cameras must record video (see 4.12.13). The cameras for the video monitors must be positioned in accordance with the Judges' assigned physical locations.

5.6 JUDGES: SPECIFIC DUTIES

5.6.1 Event Judge (EJ): The EJ is responsible for timekeeping, which may be operated by the EJ, or a person appointed by the Chief Judge. Timekeeping will be recorded for:

- a) Authorization to enter the flight chamber.
- b) Start of working time.
- c) End of working time.

Start of Working Time

5.6.1.1 Validation by Competitor: If the Competitor validates the first point in the compulsory sequence within 30 seconds of the signal, the electronic timing system will automatically record the start of working time.

5.6.1.2 Failure to Validate within 30 seconds: If the Competitor does not validate the first point within 30 seconds of the signal, the EJ will manually start the scoring system's timer at the 30-second mark.

End of Working Time

5.6.1.3 Validation by Competitor: If the Competitor validates the last point in the compulsory sequence before the maximum working time expires, the raw score will be the total sequence completion time.

5.6.1.4 Failure to Validate Last Point: If the Competitor does not validate the last point in the compulsory sequence by the end of the maximum working time, the maximum working time will be applied as the Competitor's score.

5.6.2 Judge Responsibilities: Judges are responsible for verifying correctness in following the performance description of each Race Routine, and complete validation of the Contact Targets. Judges will annotate the performance and observed penalties, if any.

5.6.3 Viewing the Flights: The Judges will watch one time live to validate each performance.

5.7 EVALUATION

The Judges will use a scoring sheet to record their evaluation of each Competitor's performance. At the end of the live performance, the judges will present their evaluation sheets to the Chief Judge using common definitions as following:

- a) Record an infringement (using mark "I" on the score sheet).
- b) Record an omission (using mark "O" on the score sheet).
- c) Record an assist (marked as "A" on the score sheet).

5.7.1 A majority of judges must agree in the evaluation of each Competitor's performance.

5.7.2 After collecting the Judges' evaluations, the Chief Judge will confirm and post the score on the Indoor Para Skydiving Scorekeeping System.

5.7.3 At the request of any member of the judging panel, made within fifteen (15) seconds after the end of the flight, the Chief Judge or the Event Judge will allow one video review, from a particular camera view, of the part of the flight in question. A video from a particular camera view may be subject to several different requests as long as the same part of the flight is not reviewed.

5.7.4 For the video review, the judges, overseen by the Chief Judge, will review the performance or parts of it using the recorded video footage, at normal speed. The Chief Judge will make an assessment by a majority decision of the part(s) of the flight in question.

5.7.5 Once the score is finalized and delivered to the Chief Judge, the Event Judge will authorize the next signal to enter the flight chamber to be given.

- 5.7.6 The Chief Judge must report for each flight the raw completion time and the number of each type of penalties, if applicable, assessed to establish the official leaderboard ranking after each completed Round.

6 CLASSIFICATION

6.1 GENERAL STATEMENT

Classification is the cornerstone of para sports and determines which athletes are eligible to compete in a sport and how athletes are evaluated. Classification aims to minimize the impact of the impairment on athletes' performances.

6.2 CLASSIFICATION CODE

The complete requirements, processes, and rules governing the Classification Board can be found in the Annexes to these Competition Rules and are maintained by the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee. The Code is intended to evolve continuously, as will the ideas that contribute to developing the rules, regulations, and policies that sit alongside it.

6.3 ATHLETE EVALUATION

The classification is carried out through a process called Athlete Evaluation conducted by the Classification Board appointed for the FCE.

- 6.3.1 Athlete Evaluation – First Phase: Athletes must meet the eligible impairment requirements defined in the Annex 1 to these Competition Rules. Applicants must have an Underlying Health Condition that leads to a permanent Eligible Impairment. The use of Specific Equipment does not disqualify the impairment but may be considered when assigning the Compensation Coefficient.
- 6.3.1.1 Competitors must submit any equipment or process (prosthesis, orthosis, etc.) used to facilitate flight to the Classification Board during their Athlete Evaluation. The Classification Board will inspect and approve the equipment, which Competitors must use throughout the competition. In exceptional circumstances, such as if the original equipment gets damaged and cannot be made airworthy, Competitors may change their equipment with the Chief Judge's consent.
- 6.3.2 Athlete Evaluation – Second Phase: Athletes determined by the board to have met eligibility criteria will be assigned an individualized Compensation Coefficient between 0.10 and 1.00, expressed to the hundredth of a decimal, based on the degree of activity limitation resulting from the impairment and according to an analysis of their Aerodynamic Motor Skills to participate in Indoor Para Skydiving, following the process defined in the Annex 1, section 5.

6.4 APPLICATION FOR ATHLETE EVALUATION

To request an Athlete Evaluation, athletes must submit items listed in Annex 1 by the posted deadline and address that is specified in the information bulletin of each specific event.

6.5 DEADLINE TO SUBMIT ATHLETE EVALUATION FORM

Athlete Evaluations must be carried out and published at least 30 days before the start of the competition.

6.6 CLASSIFICATION BOARD

The Classification Board consists of five (5) appointed members nominated by the Classification Board Subgroup of the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee.

- 6.6.1 Board Requirements:
- 6.6.1.1 At least one (1) member must be a physician.
- 6.6.1.2 The Board must designate a Classification Panel for each Covered Competition, and at least one (1) representative to be physically present during the competition.
- 6.6.1.3 The remaining Panel members must be available remotely during competition hours.

- 6.6.2 The Classification Board representatives will conduct observation during competition to ensure that the Competitors' conditions align with the provided diagnostic information and supporting documents.
- 6.6.3 Board of Appeal of Classification: An athlete's evaluation and assigned compensation coefficient can only be revised under the following conditions:
1. Initiated by the Classification Board: The Classification Board representatives may initiate a review process prior to the start of the competition.
 2. Protest by the athlete's National Airsport Control (NAC): A protest may be submitted by the athlete's NAC 15 days before the beginning of the competition. The protest must be submitted in writing, along with supporting documentation, directly to the Classification Board.
- 6.6.3.1 Revised Athlete Evaluation: Any revised evaluation and determination of an athlete's Compensation Coefficient must be published. The revised decision is final and cannot be challenged further. All decisions are consulted with the remote members of the Classification Board.

6.7 VALIDITY OF ATHLETE EVALUATION

The Athlete Evaluation is valid only for the specific competition for which it was conducted.

7 RULES SPECIFIC TO THE COMPETITION

7.1 PARTICIPATION CRITERIA

The competition is open to all Competitors who meet the criteria for participation, which are:

1. Eligible para-athletes who are cleared for solo indoor skydiving.
2. Submission of their registration by the posted registration deadline.
3. Submission of an Athlete Evaluation with the Classification Board.

7.2 TITLE OF THE COMPETITION

Title of the Competition: “___th FAI World Indoor Para Skydiving Championships” or “___th World Cup of Indoor Para Skydiving”.

7.3 COMPOSITION OF DELEGATIONS

Each delegation may be composed of:

- One (1) Head of Delegation.
- One (1) Team Manager.
- A maximum of two (2) Competitors for a WISC or Continental Indoor Skydiving Championship.
- The number of Competitors for an Indoor Skydiving World Cup will be decided by the organizer.

7.4 AIMS OF WORLD/CONTINENTAL CHAMPIONSHIPS AND WORLD CUPS

- a) To determine World Champions or World Cup Winners of Indoor Para Skydiving
- b) To determine the world standings of the competing para athletes
- c) To establish Indoor Para Skydiving records,
- d) To promote and develop Indoor Para Skydiving,
- e) To allow participants to share and exchange experience, knowledge and information,
- f) To improve judging methods and practices.

ANNEX 1 – CLASSIFICATION CODE AND RULES

1. THE PURPOSE OF CLASSIFICATION AND SCOPE OF THE CLASSIFICATION CODE

1.1. Indoor Para Skydiving (IPS) has specified in these Classification Rules the process, assessment criteria, and methodology whereby Athletes will be allocated Compensation Coefficient. This process is referred to as the Athlete Evaluation.

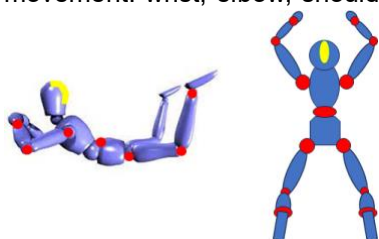
- a. The purpose of Classification is to enable athletes with Eligible Impairments to participate in competitive para sports with a pathway to sporting excellence.
- b. Classification establishes a unique framework that promotes fair and meaningful competition by minimizing the impact of athletes' impairments on the outcome of competition so that the outcome is determined by factors other than impairment. Classification is therefore essential to para sports and Indoor Para Skydiving cannot exist without Classification.
- c. The International Paralympic Committee's (IPC) Classification Code, IPS Classification Code, and International Standards apply to the following competitions (each, a Covered Competition):
 - i. World Cups;
 - ii. World Championships;
 - iii. any Competition that is part of the direct qualification pathway to participate in the World Cups or World Championships, as determined by the relevant National Airsport Control (NAC);
 - iv. any Competition where an Observation Assessment may take place as part of a Classification process; and
 - v. any other event or Competition specified by the National Airport Control (NAC) in its Classification rules.

International Federations may choose to also apply the Classification Code and International Standards to other competitions (for example, lower-level competitions), but it is not mandatory to do so.

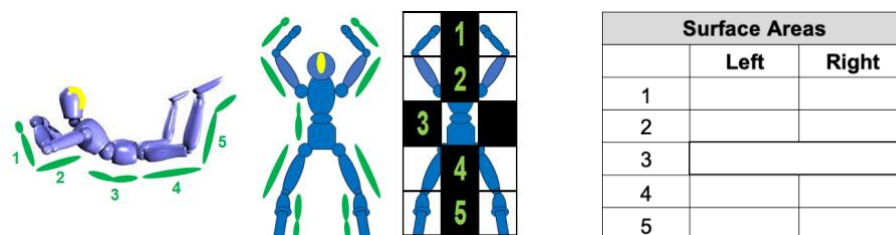
All participants accept these rules and the IPS Competition Rules as binding by registering in the competition

2. DEFINITIONS OF WORDS AND PHRASES USED IN THIS APPENXI

- 2.1. Classification Board: A group of expert classifiers, consisting of five (5) members, including at least one qualified physician. Members are appointed every two (2) years by the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee.
- 2.2. Expert Classifier: An individual evaluated and accredited by the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee's Classification Board to conduct Athlete Evaluations for IPS competitions. The individual must have technical or medical expertise in Aerodynamic Motor Skills.
- 2.3. Main Joint Areas: The joints considered during athlete evaluation for assessing impaired range of movement: wrist, elbow, shoulder, spine, hip, knee, and ankle, shown in red on the diagram below.



- 2.4. **Main Aerodynamic Surfaces:** The surfaces analyzed during athlete evaluation for the assessment of the impact/effect of any Impairments are described and numbered as follows: (1) hand-forearm, (2) arm, (3) torso, (4) leg, and (5) tibia-foot. The following reference diagram provides a visual representation of these numbered areas in green below.



- 2.5. **Eligible Impairments:** Consistent with the International Paralympic Committee's IPC Classification Code and International Standards, there are eight Eligible Impairments, categorized as 'Physical Impairments,' and 'Intellectual Impairment,' used to determine eligibility. Eligible Impairments do not include all impairment types. Instead, they are limited to those that have historically been part of the IPC and Indoor Skydiving requirements.
- 2.6. **Aerodynamic Motor Skills:** The skills evaluated to determine the athlete's compensation coefficient, based on factors that influence performance in Indoor Para Skydiving. The main aerodynamic motor skills for each numbered surface will be assessed using the following definitions and criteria:

Factor	Skill	Description
(A) Movement	Maneuvering ability	Ability to move in horizontal and vertical planes of the flight chamber, based on the mobility of surfaces 1, 2, 4, and 5.
(B) Posture	Stability in flight	Ability to maintain stable flight in the airflow, including:
	(B1) Symmetry	Balanced distribution of surfaces 1+2 (upper limbs) and 4+5 (lower limbs) on both roll (left/right) and pitch (front/rear) axes.
	(B2) Anchoring	Ability to form a stable, arched body shape using surface 3, ensuring flexibility to adjust or deform as needed.
(C) Validation	Contact with the target	Ability to make contact with the target's contact zone to validate a point, including:
	(C1) Surface	Ability to present a full, flat palm on the Target's Contact Zone.
	(C2) Distance	Upper limb mobility to reach the target's contact zone.
	(C3) Accuracy	Ability to aim the upper limb accurately at the contact zone without unwanted or erratic movements.
	(C4) Options	Number of upper limbs available to touch the target's contact zone.

- 2.7. **Basic Coefficient:** The initial coefficient assigned during Step 1 of the coefficient assignment process. (Refer to 5.1.(a)).
- 2.8. **Increase:** A point value which may be added to the Basic Coefficient during step 2 of the coefficient assignment process, when the use of one or more specific equipment enhances performance. (Refer to 5.1.(b)).
- 2.9. **Deduction:** A point value which may be subtracted from the Basic Coefficient during step 3 of the coefficient assignment process, when the presence of one or more specific pathologies negatively affects performance. (Refer to 5.1.(c)).
- 2.10. **Compensation Coefficient:** The final coefficient calculated during step 4 of the coefficient assignment process, which becomes the athlete's individual coefficient. (Refer to 5.1.(d)).

- 2.11. Self-Assessment Table: A self-assessment completed by athletes to declare the impact/effect of any Impairments on their Main Aerodynamic Surfaces (areas numbered 1 to 5) during flight. The table will be completed with the following notation:

Notation	Description
[blank]	No activity limitation
0	Limited mobility
X	Surface non-functional

- 2.12. Individual Assessment Table: An athlete assessment completed by the Classification Board to evaluate and analyze the impact/effect of any Impairments on the available and movable Main Aerodynamic Surfaces (areas numbered 1 to 5) of athletes in flight. The table will be completed with the following notation:

Notation	Description
[blank]	Fully functional surface, no/minimal impairment or activity limitation
P	Partially movable surface, limited functionality due to impairment
L	Locked surface, significant impairment with no movement
N	Non-movable surface, complete loss of functionality due to impairment
M	Missing surface, complete absence due to impairment

- 2.13. Coefficient Assessment Reference Tables: Official point-scoring tables for the assessment of the impact/effect of the Impairment on indoor skydiving body flight skills. These tables set out the indicative number of points obtainable per each surface area and level of impairment. The Classification Board establishes and updates these tables based on the analysis of past Competitors and their aerodynamic motor functions as related to indoor skydiving.

3. ATHLETE EVALUATIONS

- 3.1. Athlete Evaluation encompasses a number of steps, and these Classification Rules therefore include provisions regarding:
- an assessment of whether or not an Athlete has an Eligible Impairment for the sport;
 - an assessment of whether an Athlete complies with Minimum Impairment Criteria for Indoor Para Skydiving; and
 - the allocation of a Compensation Coefficient depending on the extent to which an Athlete is able to execute the specific tasks and activities fundamental to the sport (with the exception for Athletes with Vision Impairment, where the current assessment criteria is not yet sport specific and does not include a requirement that the Athletes are assessed in respect of the 'extent to which the Athlete is able to execute the specific tasks and activities fundamental to the sport').
- 3.2. In order to begin the Classification process, an Athlete must provide their NAC with all relevant Diagnostic Information required to enable the Classification Board to assess the existence of an Underlying Health Condition and Eligible Impairment.
- 3.3. The Athlete's NAC is responsible for providing the Diagnostic Information to the Classification Board, and for ensuring that all Diagnostic Information provided by the Athlete is complete, accurate, authentic, and relevant. It is the Athlete's and the NAC's responsibility to provide accurate information with sufficient level of detail. The classification panel will only assess the Athlete based on the medical information provided.
- 3.4. The Classification Board (including the Head of Classification) may request from the Athlete's NAC any additional information that it deems necessary to carry out the Classification process, including Diagnostic Information.

- 3.5. Diagnostic Information must be provided in its original format (i.e., the original document or a copy thereof) along with an English translation (if the original format is in another language).
- 3.6. The Athlete Evaluation must be accompanied by the following Diagnostic Information and Supporting Documents in order to be assessed by the Classification Board:
 - a. The completed and signed official Athlete Evaluation, Declaration, and Consent Form (see ANNEX 2), which allows Competitors to disclose their underlying health condition, the nature of their Eligible Impairment(s), and commitment to adhering to the Classification Rules.
 - b. One or more photos or video images supporting the medical diagnosis for Physical Impairments (PI).
 - c. One or more video images of the athlete in flight in a wind tunnel, using any Specific Equipment if applicable. These videos must demonstrate either flights during an IPS competition, or the athlete's ability to fly up, down, forward, and backward, as well as their ability to contact the inner wall of the flight chamber.
 - d. An official Medical Diagnostic Form (ANNEX 2) signed by a qualified medical doctor and supporting documentation, providing the classification panel information on the Athlete's health condition, which eligible impairment it may lead to, and the extent to which the health condition impacts the Athlete's sport performance.

4. ELIGIBLE IMPAIRMENT TYPES AND ASSESSMENT

- 4.1. Any Athlete wishing to compete in Indoor Para Skydiving must have an Eligible Impairment and that Eligible Impairment must be Permanent.
- 4.2. Athletes with different impairments compete against each other because the compensation coefficient is allocated based on the impact the impairment has on indoor skydiving, rather than on the impairment itself.
- 4.3. Any Impairment that is not listed as an Eligible Impairment in the Classification Code and Rules is referred to as a Non-Eligible Impairment.

Assessment of Eligible Impairment

- 4.4. The first phase of the Athlete Evaluation, conducted by the Classification Board, is to assess the existence of an underlying health condition and an Eligible Impairment, determining the athlete's eligibility to compete in an IPS competition. The outcome of this phase will be either, "Eligible," or "Not Eligible."

Minimum Impairment Criteria

- 4.5. An Athlete who wishes to compete in a para sport must have an Eligible Impairment that complies with the relevant Minimum Impairment Criteria for that sport.
- 4.6. Indoor Para Skydiving has set Minimum Impairment Criteria to ensure that an Athlete's Eligible Impairment affects the extent to which an Athlete is able to execute the specific tasks and activities fundamental to the sport.
- 4.7. The Assessment methodology used by Indoor Para Skydiving as part of Athlete Evaluation comprise a number of individual measures, each of which is designed to produce a point score designed to assess:
 - a. the extent of Impairment and activity limitation of an Athlete; and
 - b. the extent to which activity limitation has an effect upon the sporting performance of an Athlete.

Table 1 – Eligible Impairment Types and Minimum Impairment Criteria

Eligible Impairment Description	Examples of Underlying Health Conditions	Minimum Impairment Criteria
Impaired Muscle Power Athletes with Impaired Muscle Power have a Health Condition that either reduces or eliminates their ability to voluntarily contract their muscles in order to move or to generate force.	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Impaired Muscle Power include spinal cord injury (complete or incomplete, tetra- or paraplegia or paraparesis), muscular dystrophy, post-polio syndrome and spina bifida.	The affected aerodynamic surfaces must include at least one of the following: hand-forearm, arm, torso, leg, or tibia-foot.
Impaired Passive Range of Movement Athletes with Impaired Passive Range of Movement have a restriction or a lack of passive movement in one or more joints.	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Impaired Passive Range of Movement include arthrogryposis and contracture resulting from chronic joint immobilization or trauma affecting a joint.	The affected joints must include at least one of the following: wrist, elbow, shoulder, spine, hip, knee, or ankle.
Limb Deficiency Athletes with Limb Deficiency have total or partial absence of bones or joints.	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Limb Deficiency include: traumatic amputation, illness (for example amputation due to bone cancer) or congenital limb deficiency (for example dysmelia).	The athlete must have at least one functional shoulder joint. The affected limbs must include the absence of at least one wrist or ankle joint.
Leg Length Difference Athletes with Leg Length Difference have a difference in the length of their legs.	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Leg Length Difference include: dysmelia and congenital or traumatic disturbance of limb growth.	There must be at least 8 cm difference between both leg measurements.
Short Stature Athletes with Short Stature have a reduced length in the bones of the upper limbs, lower limbs and/or trunk.	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Short Stature include achondroplasia, growth hormone dysfunction, and osteogenesis imperfecta.	The condition must result from reduced length in the specified bones, leading to an overall disproportionate morphology. Individuals who are small but have proportionate morphology are not eligible.
Hypertonia Athletes with hypertonia have an increase in muscle tension and a reduced ability of a muscle to stretch caused by damage to the central nervous system.	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Hypertonia include cerebral palsy, traumatic brain injury and stroke.	N/A
Ataxia Athletes with Ataxia have uncoordinated movements caused by damage to the central nervous system.	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Ataxia include: cerebral palsy, traumatic brain injury, stroke and multiple sclerosis.	N/A
Athetosis Athletes with Athetosis have continual slow involuntary movements.	Examples of an Underlying Health Condition that can lead to Athetosis include cerebral palsy, traumatic brain injury and stroke.	N/A

5. COMPENSATION COEFFICIENT CALCULATION & ASSIGNMENT

The Classification Board will analyze the information provided in the Athlete Evaluation packet, including photographic and video imagery, and Observation in Competition, to determine if the Athlete meets the criteria of Eligible Impairment and Minimum Impairment Criteria.

5.1. The Classification Board will conduct the second phase of the Athlete Evaluation, which consists of four (4) steps, to determine the athlete's Compensation Coefficient.

- a. **Step 1:** The Classification Board will complete the athlete's individual assessment table, based on the information submitted via the Athlete Evaluation packet, including the Self-Assessment table.

The assessment will be based on the numeric points in the Coefficient Assessment Reference Tables to assign the athlete their Basic Coefficient. If an impairment type or level is not covered in the tables, the Classification Board will assign the closest Basic Coefficient possible.

- b. **Step 2:** The Classification Board may assign point increases related to the numbered Main Aerodynamic Surfaces if the use of one or more specific equipment to enhance performance are present that have not been accounted for in the Basic Coefficient. These points will be assessed per surface area up to the maximum values specified in the following table:

(A) Movement			(B1) Symmetry			(B2) Anchoring		
Surface Areas	Left	Right	Surface Areas	Left	Right	Surface Areas		
1	0.03	0.03	1	0.02	0.02	1	N/A	N/A
2	0.03	0.03	2	0.02	0.02	2	N/A	N/A
3	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	N/A	3	0.08	
4	0.03	0.03	4	0.02	0.02	4	N/A	N/A
5	0.03	0.03	5	0.02	0.02	5	N/A	N/A

- c. **Step 3:** The Classification Board may assign point deductions to the numbered Main Aerodynamic Surfaces and Validation abilities if the presence of one or more specific pathologies negatively affects performance and has not been accounted for in the Basic Coefficient. These points will be assessed per surface area up to the maximum values specified in the following table:

(A) Movement			(B1) Symmetry			(B2) Anchoring			(C) Validation	
Surface Areas	Left	Right	Surface Areas	Left	Right	Surface Areas				
1	0.03	0.03	1	0.02	0.02	1	N/A	N/A	C1	0.16
2	0.03	0.03	2	0.02	0.02	2	N/A	N/A	C2	0.16
3	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	N/A	3	0.08		C3	0.16
4	0.03	0.03	4	0.02	0.02	4	N/A	N/A	C4	0.02
5	0.03	0.03	5	0.02	0.02	5	N/A	N/A		

- d. **Step 4:** Following these assessments, and (if required) the Observation in Competition Assessment, the Athlete is allocated a Compensation Coefficient based on the following point-scoring formula: the athlete's Basic Coefficient will be increased by any points assessed during step 2 and subtracted by any point deductions assessed during step 3.

6. CLASSIFICATION BOARD

The Classification Board is composed of five (5) expert classifiers, including the Head of Classification and Chief Classifier. These members are nominated and appointed biennially by the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee. All decisions of the Classification Board are made by a majority vote of its members.

- 6.1. The Classification Board is responsible for recommending policies, guidelines, and procedures related to the Classification Code and Competition Rules, if applicable. It also coordinates any Classification Code review process as requested by the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee, engaging in a consultative process to both receive and respond to recommendations, and to facilitate review and feedback from Athletes, Signatories, and other relevant parties.

6.2. The Classification Board – Responsibilities:

- 6.2.1. Oversees the evolution and development of the Classification Code. It monitors and adjusts the Classification Code in response to any changes, updates, or developments related to the IPC's Classification Code and International Standards. The Classification Board shall invite Athletes and qualified members to participate in the development of the Classification Code, specifically as it applies to the requirements of Indoor Para Skydiving.
- 6.2.2. Coordinate and manage the athlete classification process, which includes conducting Athlete Evaluations, addressing any protests related to an athlete's compensation coefficient, and overseeing other assessments deemed necessary for Indoor Para Skydiving.
- 6.2.3. Develop and implement a curriculum for Trainee Classifiers, covering essential topics such as Aerodynamic Motor Skills, Main Aerodynamic Surfaces, Eligible Impairments, and Minimum Impairment Criteria. This curriculum will equip individuals to assess the impact of impairments on indoor skydiving body flight skills. The Classification Board will oversee the training of applicants nominated by their NACs who wish to become Expert Classifiers.
- 6.2.4. Collect, review, and store all items submitted in the Athlete Evaluation packet, and accompanying supporting documentation, with responsible principles relating to processing of personal data, including Individual Evaluation Forms assessed by the Classification Panels.
- 6.2.5. Deliver an annual report for the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee, including:
 - a. an accurate and updated list of certified Expert Classifiers, from which the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee will appoint members for the following year's Classification Board.
 - b. an accurate and updated list of all individuals who have submitted an Athlete Evaluation packet, including eligibility status and assigned Compensation Coefficient, if applicable, and number of NACs represented.
- 6.2.6. Assign a Classification Panel for each competition scheduled for the following year by December 31 of the preceding year.

Classification Panel

- 6.3. The Classification Board will designate a Classification Panel to manage the individual Athlete Evaluation and assessments for each specific competition. The Classification Panel may consist of any members of the Classification Board, including the Head of Classification, Chief Classifier, and Expert Classifiers. If the Chief Classifier is unavailable, the panel must include at least one other qualified physician.
- 6.3.1. The Classification Panel will liaise with the competition organizer and provide them with an updated list of Competitors with completed Athlete Evaluations deemed eligible for competition at least 30 days before the competition start date.

Classification Personnel

- 6.4. The ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee will appoint members to the Classification Board, each of whom will play a critical role in the organization, implementation, and administration of Classification for Indoor Para Skydiving. The appointed members include the Head of Classification, Chief Classifier, and three (3) Expert Classifiers.
- 6.5. The roles and responsibilities of the Classification Personnel include to:
 - a. have a complete working knowledge of all applicable policies, rules, and processes established by the Competition Rules and Classification Code;
 - b. use their influence to foster a positive and collaborative Classification attitude and communication;
 - c. assist in the development, management and implementation of Classification Systems, including participation in education and research; and
 - d. co-operate with any investigations concerning violations of these Classification Rules.

Head of Classification

- 6.6. The ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee will appoint a Head of Classification. The Head of Classification is a person responsible for the direction, administration, co-ordination and implementation of Classification matters for Indoor Para Skydiving.
- 6.7. The Head of Classification is responsible for:
- a. the development, management and implementation of Classification Systems, including participation in education and research across all NACs.
 - b. identifying those Athletes who will be required to attend an Evaluation Session; supervise Classifiers to ensure that these Classification Rules are properly applied during Classification;
 - c. managing Protests in consultation with the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee;
 - d. liaising with the relevant Competition organizers to ensure that all travel, accommodation and other logistics are arranged in order that Classifiers may carry out their duties effectively during competitions;
 - e. overseeing the training program for Trainee Classifiers, reviewing nominations from each NAC, and conducting evaluations for individuals seeking to become Expert Classifiers;
 - f. maintaining an accurate and updated list of certified Expert Classifiers, to be shared with the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee; and
 - g. appointing a Classification Panel for each Indoor Para Skydiving competition with members selected from the list of approved Expert Classifiers.
- 6.8. The Head of Classification may delegate specific responsibilities and/or transfer specific tasks to designated Expert Classifiers, or other persons authorized by the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee.

Chief Classifier

- 6.9. The ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee will appoint a Chief Classifier, who must be a qualified physician. The Chief Classifier is an Expert Classifier appointed to direct, administer, coordinate, and implement Classification matters as it relates to Athlete Evaluation criteria. The Chief Classifier must be an expert in the IPC's Classification Code and International Standards.

Expert Classifier

- 6.10. An individual who has been evaluated and accredited by the Classification Board to conduct Athlete Evaluations for determining eligibility to compete in Indoor Para Skydiving. The individual must possess technical or medical expertise in Aerodynamic Motor Skills and demonstrate proficiency in assessing the impact of Eligible Impairments on indoor skydiving body flight skills.

Trainee Classifiers

- 6.11. A Trainee Classifier is a person who is in the process of formal training by the Classification Board.
- 6.12. The Classification Board may appoint Trainee Classifiers to participate in some or all components of Athlete Evaluation under the supervision of a Classification Panel, to develop Classifier Competencies.

Classifier Training and Certification

- 6.13. All Classifiers must be certified by the Classification Board as having the relevant Classifier Competencies.
- 6.14. The Classification Board must provide training and education to Classifiers to ensure Classifiers obtain and/or maintain Classifier Competencies.
- 6.15. The Classifier Competencies must include that a Classifier has:
- a. a thorough understanding of these Classification Rules;
 - b. an understanding of Indoor Para Skydiving, including an understanding of the Indoor Para Skydiving Rules and Regulations;
 - c. an understanding of the IPC Classification Code and the International Standards; and

- d. a professional qualification(s), level of experience, skills and/or competencies in order to act as a Classifier for Indoor Para Skydiving. These include that Classifiers must either:
 - i) be a certified health professional in a field relevant to the Eligible Impairment category which Indoor Para Skydiving at its sole discretion deems acceptable, such as a physician or physiotherapist for Athletes with a Physical Impairment; or
 - ii) have an extensive coaching or other relevant background in Indoor Para Skydiving; or a recognized and reputable academic qualification which encompasses a requisite level of anatomical, biomechanical, and sport-specific expertise, which the Classification Board in its sole discretion deems to be acceptable.
- 6.16. The Classification Board must establish a process of Classifier Certification by which Classifier Competencies are assessed. This process includes:
- a. a process for the certification of Trainee Classifiers;
 - b. quality assessment for the period of certification;
 - c. a process for handling substandard performance, including options for remediation and/or withdrawal of certification; and
 - d. a process for Re-certification of Classifiers.
- 6.17. Expert Classifier certification shall be valid for a period of three (3) years.

Classifier Code of Conduct

- 6.18. The integrity of Classification in Indoor Para Skydiving depends on the professional conduct of Classification Personnel. The Classification Board has therefore adopted a set of behavioral and ethical standards that all personnel must comply with, referred to as the 'Classifier Code of Conduct.'
- 6.19. The Classifier Code of Conduct ensures that Personnel comply with the Classifier Code of Conduct and the IPC Integrity Code.
- 6.20. The Classification Board, Expert Classifiers, Trainee Classifiers, and all Personnel must:
- a. act as neutral evaluators in all aspects of Classification, including (but not limited to) in determining whether an Athlete has an Eligible Impairment, meets the Minimum Impairment Criteria for Indoor Para Skydiving, and allocating an athlete's Compensation Coefficient;
 - b. have high regard for the dignity of all Athletes;
 - c. have high regard for the physical and mental welfare of Athletes;
 - d. perform their duties courteously, respectfully, competently, consistently, and objectively for all athletes;
 - e. respect all Athletes and Athlete Support Personnel and strive to uphold a courteous environment during the Classification process;
 - f. maintain excellent hygiene and sanitation during the Classification process;
 - g. maintain confidentiality of Athlete information in accordance with the Classification Code and data protection policies;
 - h. must not abuse their position to obtain advantage or benefit for themselves or third parties; and
 - i. comply with the Classification Code and the International Standard for Classification Data Protection.
- 6.21. Any person who believes that any Classification Personnel may have acted in a manner that contravenes the Classifier Code of Conduct must report this to the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee.
- 6.22. If the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee receives such a report it will investigate the report and, if appropriate, take disciplinary measures.
- 6.23. The ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee has discretion to determine whether or not a Classifier or Trainee Classifier has an actual, perceived, and/or potential conflict of interest.

ANNEX 2 – DECLARATION AND CONSENT FORM



INDOOR PARA SKYDIVING ATHLETE EVALUATION, MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC, AND AGREEMENT FORM

Event: _____ Date: _____

Athlete Information – to be completed by the NAC

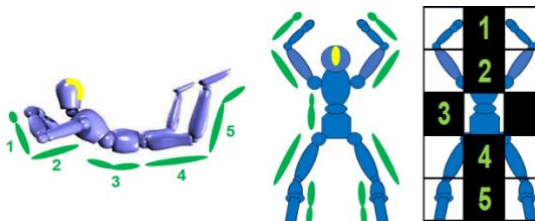
Family Name: _____ Date of Birth: _____
First Name: _____ Gender: ☐ Female
NAC: _____ ☐ Male

Athlete Self-Assessment Table

Please use the table below (on the left) to indicate the impact/effect of any Impairments on the athlete's Main Aerodynamic Surfaces (areas numbered 1 to 5) during flight. Use the following notation: **[blank]** – No activity limitation; **0** – Limited mobility; **X** – Surface non-functional.

The reference diagram on the right indicates the surfaces analyzed during athlete evaluation for the assessment of the impact/effect of any Impairments. The numbered areas are (1) hand-forearm, (2) arm, (3) torso, (4) leg, and (5) tibia-foot, shown in green on the reference diagram.

Surface Areas		
	Left	Right
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		



Medical Information – to be completed in English by a licensed physician:

Athlete's Medical Diagnosis (Health Condition):

Include description of body part(s) affected and limitations:

Medical Condition is: ☐ Permanent ☐ Stable ☐ Progressive ☐ Fluctuating

Year of Onset: ☐ Congenital (birth)

Primary Impairment/s arising from the Medical Diagnosis (Health Condition):

Impairment Type	Relevant Medical Diagnosis
<input type="checkbox"/> Impaired Muscle Power	<input type="checkbox"/> Spinal Cord Injury <input type="checkbox"/> Muscular Dystrophy <input type="checkbox"/> Spina Bifida <input type="checkbox"/> Poliomyelitis <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple Sclerosis <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Impaired Passive Range of Movement	<input type="checkbox"/> Arthrogryposis <input type="checkbox"/> Joint Contractures <input type="checkbox"/> Trauma <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Limb Deficiency	<input type="checkbox"/> Dysmelic <input type="checkbox"/> Traumatic Amputation <input type="checkbox"/> Bone Cancer <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Leg Length Difference	<input type="checkbox"/> Trauma <input type="checkbox"/> Dysmelic <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Short Stature	<input type="checkbox"/> Achondroplasia <input type="checkbox"/> Osteogenesis Imperfecta <input type="checkbox"/> Growth Hormone Dysfunction <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Hypertonia <input type="checkbox"/> Ataxia <input type="checkbox"/> Athetosis	<input type="checkbox"/> Cerebral Palsy <input type="checkbox"/> Traumatic Brain Injury <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple Sclerosis <input type="checkbox"/> Stroke <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Medical History

Past treatments:

Current and/or future treatments:

For spinal cord injuries, please specify the affected vertebrae(s) and describe the resulting motor and sensory consequences.

Please provide additional details regarding the medical diagnosis (required):

Diagnostic Evidence to be Attached:

Evidence supporting the above diagnosis **MUST** be attached in English for **ALL athletes**:

- ☐ Medical Diagnostic Report and Physical Examination results (e.g., ASIA scale for athletes with spinal cord injury, Ashworth scale for athletes with cerebral palsy, X-rays for athletes with dysmelia, photo for athletes with amputation).

Indoor Para Skydiving reserves the right to request additional diagnostic evidence as outlined in the IPS Competition Rules and Classification Code, including, but not limited to report(s) from additional diagnostic testing (for example, EMG, MRI, CT, X-ray).

Regular Medication – List dosage and reason:

Additional Comments (Optional):

☐ I CONFIRM THAT THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS ACCURATE AND CORRECT.

Medical Doctor's Name:

Medical Specialty:

Registration #:

Address:

City / State / Province:

Country:

Phone #

Email:

Signature:

Date:

1.1 ATHLETE'S AGREEMENT DECLARATION AND CONSENT

1. I wish and consent to undergo the Athlete Evaluation as outlined in the Indoor Para Skydiving Competition Rules and Classification Code, conducted by the Classification Board appointed by the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee. I understand that this evaluation may involve participation in wind tunnel flights and activities, including being observed during competition. I acknowledge the inherent risk of injury in participating in these flights and activities and confirm that I am physically fit to participate in the Athlete Evaluation.
2. I understand that I must comply with the requests made during the Athlete Evaluation as outlined in the Indoor Para Skydiving Classification Rules. This includes providing the necessary documentation to enable the Classification Board to assess the existence of an underlying health condition and an Eligible Impairment, determining my athlete's eligibility to compete in Indoor Para Skydiving. I acknowledge that if I fail to submit the required documentation or do not fully comply with the requested evaluation processes, my Athlete Evaluation may be suspended, and as a result, I will be deemed Not Eligible to participate.
3. I understand that the Athlete Evaluation requires me to provide an honest and accurate representation of my skills, abilities, and the extent of any physical impairments. I acknowledge that any intentional misrepresentation or dishonesty in this process may lead to my immediate disqualification from the evaluation and exclusion from the competition.
4. I understand that the Athlete Evaluation is an assessment process, and I agree to abide by the decision of the Classification Board. In the event of any disputes, I acknowledge that my National Airsport Control (NAC) has the right to submit a protest up to fifteen (15) days before the competition begins. The protest must be submitted in writing, along with the necessary supporting documentation, directly to the Classification Board's representatives. In such case, the revised decision is final and cannot be challenged further.
5. I agree to be videotaped and photographed during the Athlete Evaluation, which may include my activities both inside and outside the wind tunnel, before and during the competition. I understand that this footage and imagery may be used for evaluation, documentation, and any related purposes as outlined in the competition rules.
6. I hereby consent to the Classification Board of the ISC Skydiving for Disabled Committee processing my personal data, including my full name, email address, nationality, date of birth, gender, Compensation Coefficient, and relevant medical information, in any format as required.
7. My personal data, including relevant medical information, Athlete Evaluation, and Compensation Coefficient, will be collected, stored, and used by the Classification Board. This may include transferring or storing data on different servers. The Classification Board, which may include members and organizations located outside the European Union and not recognized by the European Commission as providing adequate data protection, will use this data solely for purposes related to athlete evaluation and supporting my participation in Indoor Para Skydiving competitions.
8. I agree and consent to my full name, gender, year of birth, country, and Compensation Coefficient being published by the Classification Board and shared with my National Airsport Control (NAC), competition organizers, and relevant third parties, including, but not limited to, the Fédération Aéronautique Internationale (FAI) and the International Skydiving Commission (ISC).

- ☐ I wish and consent to contribute to the improvement of Indoor Para Skydiving by assisting the Classification Board of the ISC Skydiving for Disabled committee in refining the classification system. Therefore, I consent to the use of any data collected during the Athlete Evaluation, as well as any video material recorded during training and competition, for research and educational purposes by the Classification Board of the ISC Skydiving for Disabled committee. I understand that I can withdraw this consent at any time.

Athlete's Name: _____

Athlete's signature: _____ Date: _____

Legal Guardian or Representative's Name (if required): _____

Legal Guardian or Representative's Signature: _____ Date: _____

National Airsport Control (NAC)

Representative's Name: _____

Title/Position at NAC: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____



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